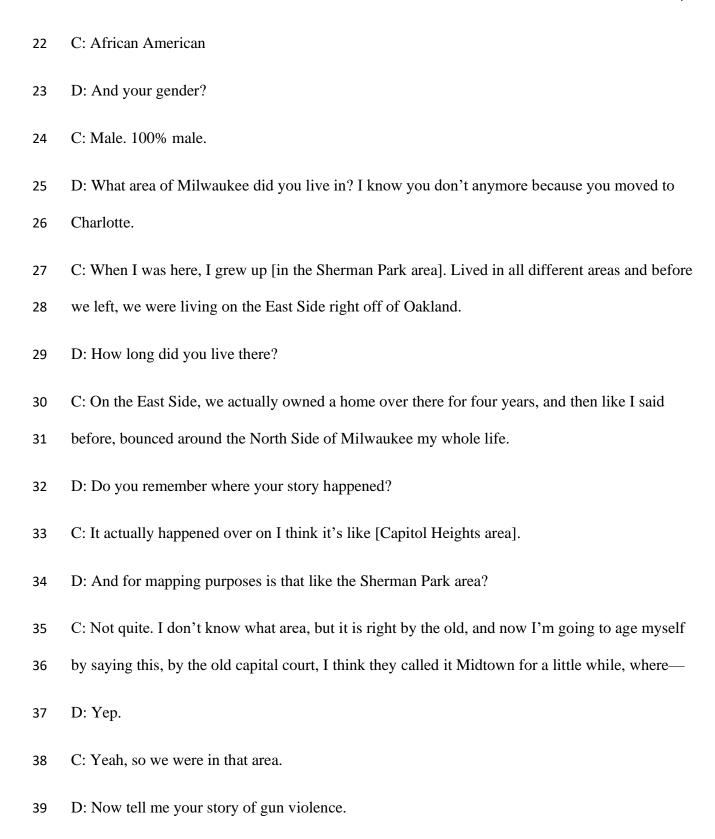
- 1 VGV #84 4/13/2022 Claudiare Motley
- 2 D: Okay. Can you tell me a little bit about yourself?
- 3 C: Sure, sure. And first of all, let me thank you, Debra, for having me. I really appreciate this
- 4 opportunity. Obviously, I'm born and raised in Milwaukee. I have, went to UWM, graduated
- 5 from UWM, went to Milwaukee Tech throughout my time here. I ended up going and moving
- 6 down to Charlotte to explore getting my law degree, and at the time while I was actually about to
- 7 graduate with my law degree is when this incident happened. I have all my family here and
- 8 things like that so we're often back here and when I came back for the incident, I was here for
- 9 my 25th-year reunion. So, I have a lot of ties to this city. Also, you know what I do right now is
- where me and my wife have a law firm. We deal with social issue justices, it is an international
- 11 law firm that was actually founded in Afghanistan, and we did a lot of international work until
- the pandemic happened. At that point in time, we kind of shifted our focus and we've done a lot
- of social justice work here in the Wisconsin and Milwaukee County area. And also, we've been
- doing a lot of work with immigration, helping those that are having problems in their countries
- and to get over here. So, we're still doing a lot of good work here in the city and also in the
- 16 country, so we're really happy about that.
- D: Sounds fantastic, note to self, add your wife as an interviewee. Wow.
- 18 C: (laughs)
- 19 D: Claudiare, what is your age?
- 20 C: I'm fifty years old.
- 21 D: And your race?



C: Well, my actual incident happened and it's a thing that's been happening all too often, it was an attempted carjacking actually. I was dropping, like I said, I was here for a 25th year anniversary of our class reunion I should say, and was with one of my good friends [...], and I was dropping him off at the house, we had went to a little warm-up get-together before the actual reunion and we were at one of our friend's bar down on [Riverwest neighborhood], and so I was dropping him off right after everything were done and while he was going inside the house, I was trying to just looking at my phone you know, I had gotten a lot of numbers and reconnected with a lot of people, so I was just texting them saying its good to see them and things like that. And I was waiting for him to go inside and so I kind of got caught up in that, he had already went inside the house, and when I looked up, I kind of was double-parked so I kind of moved forward so I could get close to the sidewalk and just finish the messages I was sending and the replies and things like that. At that point in time, I was about to take off and so I put the car in drive and looked in the rearview mirror and I saw two cars coming down the street. I didn't think too much of it. I was going to wait for them to pass, and so I got a little message while they were passing, so I kind of looked down at my phone, and when I looked up I saw that one of the cars had parked on an angle, looked like it was going to turn up on Capitol, going west on Capitol, it looked like it was going to turn but it was kind of angled off in front of my car, and then the next one was stopped and right up on my side. Didn't really think nothing about it, but when I looked at the people that were sitting in the car on my side, they were all looking at me, and that's when I kind of knew something was going on. There was a gap between the car, and I had my car already in drive because I was about to take off and so at that point in time, I was starting to move my car and that's when one of the guys got out of the car, had a gun, tapped on the window. But I was already moving to leave, so I was like well, I just didn't think nothing about

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- it. I just punched the gas. At that point in time when I punched it, he shot into the car and that's when he actually shot me, and I didn't really know I was shot. I had a lot of adrenaline flowing, I knew something had happened, and I actually ran into the car in front of me. I pushed that car out the way and drove myself out of the situation and I was kind of nervous and everything like that, but at that point in time I kind of was, I knew something was wrong and when I looked into the mirror to see if they were actually were following me, I realized that my jaw did not come up with my face and that's when I looked down and saw the blood coming down and I realized I was shot through the jaw. At that point in time, I started getting a little woozy obviously losing a lot of blood and things like that and I had to really think about where I was going. I needed to get to a hospital, and I eventually drove to Saint Mary's and I walked in to get help, but it was a harrowing situation. I was just actually, you know, kind of in shock at the time. But so yeah that was you know, my experience with it and it was just senseless in my mind.
- D: Yes of course. Wow. So, when we get shot, it's not instant pain huh?

- C: It's, you know especially in a situation like that when it's a lot of things happening at once, so my adrenaline had already kicked in when I actually realized there was about to be something was going down what they were going to do to me. So, my adrenaline had already kicked in so at the time, yeah you know that adrenaline numbs a lot of different things that you don't think about so, and once you do realize that you are injured, you're still trying to fight you know your body goes into a fight or flight situation, and I was fighting and flighting doing both flight and fight at the same exact time, so yeah I was kind of the pain wasn't really a problem at that time.
 - D: Can you tell me about the people involved? You said it was a young man, so what was his nationality.

C: The young man that shot me was a 15-year-old African American male his name was Nathan King. He was there but he was in the car with three other people and in the car in front of me was another six people, so it was a complete group of nine people that were going around the town jacking cars, carjacking, taking turns driving them and just getting a bunch of cars from people. The fifteen-year-old, Nathan, he eventually got shot the next night, and I know we're going to probably talk about what happened with that, but you know the reason why we found out is he actually admitted to shooting into the car, but he said he didn't know that he had actually shot anyone because I drove away. So, you know it doesn't seem like there was a lot of thought process that went into the actual shooting or didn't care who he was shooting at.

- 94 D: How has this experience affected you?
- 95 C: I'm sorry?

- 96 D: How has this experience affected you?
 - C: You know the thing about it is that when it comes down to how the experience affected me, it's on a lot of different levels. Many different levels, because when you talk about the emotional side of it when you actually get shot, it actually is a traumatic situation, and as you fight to survive and heal and things like that, you mask over a lot of the trauma that has been put on you and the thing about it is that, unfortunately, we live in a society and a community that continues to get bombarded with crimes and different instances of violent crimes, you know, I've had friends, I've had family members, nephews, people have been shot since I've been shot and all that continues to build upon each other, especially since it's never really addressed. And so, you do have to deal with a lot of the problems that you might incur when it comes down to a shooting. Also, you have to talk about the financial side, you know. I've had a lot of financial

bills when it comes down to it. I've had almost ten different surgeries on my jaw and those bills really add up and you have insurance companies that are after a while, they're going to drop you, they're going to find a reason to drop you. I got dropped by three different insurance companies because they said I had a preexisting condition at the time. So, it is very difficult when it comes down to the financial side. And then you got to talk about everybody else that's involved you know, getting shot is not really just about an individual being shot, it affects the whole family. I'm married, I have three children all, my son the first thing he heard about the incident was your father was shot in the face. You don't think at that point in time, especially a child is not thinking, "Hey listen that man survived, my daddy, survived." He's thinking what I see in a video game, you know? And so, it is very traumatic for everybody that's involved in that and dealing with what might happen, what might have happened and things like that. So, I mean it doesn't. it's a lot of layers that go into dealing with being a victim of a shooting. D: You answered my second question, how did it affect your family. How would you say it affected our community? C: Well, you know, the thing about it is, is that like I said before, I think we truly deal with the situation in which we just continue to go forward. We don't actually deal with the pain and the effect of what it means. Oftentimes, luckily for me, I'm a person that got shot and I'm still able to talk to you all and handle work and find a way to deal with my own issues how I can. But there's oftentimes that people get shot and they have to rely on their family due to the injuries they might sustain during those shootings and that changes the whole dynamic of a family and of that person's independence and the burden that it brings on that whole family. You know the financial cost of it definitely hurts our community, when you have millions and millions of dollars that are being put into sustaining people that are not able to pay for a lot of these

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surgeries and things that go on and just the psychological part of it, of living in a city in which you continue to hear stories and now all the sudden one of the things I realized during this time was that all my sisters, I have four sisters, and all of them carry guns, you know? Because the trauma that they receive not just because of their own trauma but the trauma of the people they know and the thing that they're always scared of, they're always looking over their shoulder and they're always feeling unsafe when they're in certain neighborhoods and just even within the city. And that's a sad thing to do to a community when they're always on guard for something bad to happen so you know it does have a definite effect on the community.

D: Do you think this situation could have been avoided?

C: You know a lot of people, and one of the things I'm doing is we're doing a lot of impact work with this and that's one of the biggest questions, we talk about solutions. How do you avoid this? And one of the things which you find out is yes you know you definitely have to deal with the emergency that's right in front of you. You really want to deal with gun violence and gun control and talking to your politicians to get gun laws so we can get these guns out of the hands of people who aren't supposed to have them, a 16-year-old should not have a gun, period, and how do we get that out. You know we had to do, we had to really truly start to coming down on people who are putting weapons in the hands of people that don't, that should not have it and that's the first thing that you have to deal with. But the second thing you have to start thinking about is what makes a 16-year-old pick up a gun and at that point in time we're talking about the intervention side. We're taking about making sure that we start dealing with the issues that causes people to think to have the hopelessness to feel that you know they can just go through life taking what other people might have, intimidating others, and even shooting others because they don't have what a feeling of something to achieve in their own lives and they don't have

that, so we have to state thinking really about reaching out to the children, reaching out to people and finding out what their problems are. One of the things we have found out within studies of our impact is that people are the people in the city, and let me just say this one thing, out of the ten most violent cities, I'm sorry, ten of the most violent cities in this country are the most segregated cities and that's what we find out from Milwaukee, that it's one of the most segregated cities, and we do have these situations of high violent crimes. And what we have to do is start to understand that equality is going to be one of the things when we talk about opportunities, when we talk about the things that they need to make sure that they understand that when you pick up a gun, you're going to lose something, you're going to lose the tranquility of having a good life and that's what I think that we have to start really focusing on and giving these people something, giving people something that they can actually strive for and not want to lose by silly acts of violence.

- D: You answered a few of my questions very eloquently I may add.
- 166 C: Thank you.

D: You're welcome. Which was "how can we lower gun violence or eliminate it?" And you did mention that the perpetrator was caught, how much time did he serve and go —mentioning with cause, so I guess my question would be, did he serve time for his offense of shooting you?

C: He did, and you know one of the things he was, like I said he was fifteen at the time, so he was a juvenile. So at the time he was looking at being charged as a juvenile but at that point in time he was going to get five years and just to go onto his story just a little bit so that you understand what happened, the very next night he tried to shoot another young lady in a carjacking but unfortunately that young lady had a, [...], she had a gun, and [she] shot Nathan,

and Nathan was partially paralyzed at the time so, and the ironic part was is that he was in Children's Hospital, so it was the very next night. So we were actually at the hospital at the same exact time, the person that shot me, and me, the victim, were in the hospital at the same time, suffering from gun shots, gunshot wounds, which is you know is very ironic, but when it comes down to him, he actually was only going to do five years and they were all going to be at home because the juvenile system did not have the facilities that was going to be able to take care of his injuries but his situation, he decided that he wanted to go AWOL a couple times and not meet a lot of court dates and court requirements and things like that so, and he did this until he was of age to actually be moved up to adult court, so he ended up doing, he ended up pleading guilty obviously, and ended up doing eight and a half years, no I'm sorry, 12 in a half years inside and eight and a half, seven and a half years of supervised. So, he did a total, he's going to do a total of 20 years.

- 187 D: For him to see the opportunity he had, he was given.
- 188 C: Yeah.

- 189 D: Yeah, wow.
- 190 D: What would you say to our elected officials?
 - C: Well, going and let me tie this into going into what I said to him. Because at the time of sentencing, I was able to speak, and I actually asked for him to get five years. I decided at that point in time, what are we talking about when we come down to punishment, you know, what are we trying to do in our situation? This is a 16-year-old man that was facing 20 years and of course, 12 and a half years, he's still going to be pretty young coming out but what are those years of prison, are they actually going to be productive to where he's going to be able to

apologize for his wrongdoing and turn around and become a successful contributing person in our society? So, when it comes down to thinking about that as a victim of a crime and also thinking about the redemption of this child, I think that we all have to start thinking about that situation, not just about the punishment and the anger because obviously, I went through all those things. I wanted him buried under the prison at one point in time, but as you start understanding the whole situation, understanding how would it affects everyone, and how that you don't want to define who you are at your worst moment. And once you start realizing that you understand that you want those who are putting laws together, those who are structuring our city, those who are doing things, you want them to think of things the same way. You want them to start understanding that these laws, the actual laws to punish people are for punishment but also are for learning, and also, we have to understand that we need to talk to these people, these kids beforehand, we need to get these kids involved in things long before they are thinking that they don't have a chance to do anything. Give them a vision, because that's what this country is very good at doing, is taking away a vision, taking away a vision of hope, of being successful, taking away a vision of giving a person hope, and we have to start instilling that again, and that only means that they know that somebody is out there to care for them. And if you're going to be an elected official, be that person. Be that person to show that you're there for all the citizens and not just a single, certain amount.

D: What would you say to the community?

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C: You know, one of the things we have found out and when we talk about in our impact studies is that the community wants help more than the people that are not affected by all the crime, this community looks for help you know and it looks for help within the public officials, it looks for help within policing, it looks for help in public policy, and health, but the main thing they look

for is individual responsibility. So, the thing about it is, is that one of the things that I would definitely urge the community, is start to taking responsibility and it starts from the very foundations of everything, respect, and for yourself and respect for others. You have to start to take pride in who you are and that will start to trickle down in the littlest things. I mean even if it's just picking up garbage off the street and making sure the place you live in you are proud of. Often times one of the things that I told you there's things that are setup to take away their pride and when you look you look at homeownership in Milwaukee, 78% of white citizens own their homes, where only 28% are Black people. So, at that point in time, we think of people just renting and things like that, they don't have the same respect for things that they own. So, we have to start thinking about how do we get homeownership, how do we start to talk about ourselves as a community and not just a bunch of people that are just living day to day you know? And so hopefully we can start looking at the bigger picture and getting help to do that. D: Question, when you went to emergency as a gunshot victim, were you met with any stigma coming in suffering from a gunshot? C: Absolutely, and this is one of the things that we're working on when it comes down to the sad part of the health care. I would never want to really come at a group of people that are saving lives and doing their due diligence to make sure they obtain their Hippocratic Oath and I applaud them for taking up their profession, but the thing about it is hospitals are not just made of doctors they are made up of administration and things like that, and one of the things that happened to me when I actually came in as a victim is that after I had an operation and was coming out of my, actually two operations at the time, I was shackled to the bed because they didn't know if I was the victim or perpetrator. So, they leaned on the understanding that I was probably the perpetrator and they shackled me to my bed. I was not allowed to actually make a call, I had to

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ask for a phone from a person that was visiting another patient in the ICU to use the phone to alert my family that I was shot, where I was at, because I was gone the whole day, and no one knew what happened to me. Unfortunately, this happens over and over at the hospital. I have had a nephew that was not allowed to see their family members and the problem is with that whole situation is not just about the attitudes that the hospital toward that victim, but also there are things that the hospital, the doctors might need to know when it comes down to health care to make sure the person is not allergic to things, when they're incapacitated, if they have any prior issues and things like that that are not being able to be expressed to these doctors because of policy that is being, I think, unfairly put on based on tropes and stigmas that is causing, that can cause irreparable harm and not only that, the rights, the actual constitutional rights of these people. Hospitals are not jails, they have no right to put people under custody and no right to deny people to see their families or to see anyone that needs to see them when they are sick, so it's a shame that we have to deal with that, but it's something that definitely has to be looked at in our community because once again, this is about breaking down and affecting who we are in this community and how we feel where we stand. D: Alright, you decided to do a documentary, "When Claude Got Shot." Why did you decide to do that? C: Well, let me give you a little background and I'm not sure if I keep stepping on your questions, I'm very sorry about that but I get a little rambunctious while I'm talking about this because it's very, it means a lot to me and that's one of the reasons why I did the documentary. The director, Brad Lichtenstein, we're good friends long before any of this and in fact, my son and Brad's son met in daycare and so every time, we were friends before we left, we've been friends for almost 20 years, every time I come back, we stay, we'll stay at his house or my son

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stays with his son and at that point in time that's who actually had ,when I was shot, who actually had my son and had to tell him I got shot. So after getting out, the thing like I said before you go through those steps of anger and frustration and things like that and I got on the news, I got on the local news, and I wanted people to see and I'm swole up, my jaw's swole up I'm just coming out of surgery, but I wanted people to see how senseless this was and how lucky I was to be alive and I wanted to tell people that we need to look at this as a community and that's what I always felt all the way through. I thought that this is a story that could be told indepth and it's not just a 30-second clip on the news and two days later everyone forgets about it and just becomes part of the lore of a certain group of people that know you in the city. I wanted people to really understand that as a person that's very tied to Milwaukee, and loves Milwaukee, has family that they love in Milwaukee, and are dealing with this every single day, that it's not just a "Oh my goodness" to be filed away in their cabinet of horrors that goes on here. It's actually something that's living and breathing and constantly stays with us every day and I wanted to document that and show everyone that we can do better, and we have to do better if we want to, want this society, this community to strive. D: I'm so, really proud of you for doing that because I think it is important for people to see what you went through and how compassionate you were with your perpetrator. I mean I saw such compassion and I appreciate that because I think people tend to stigmatize the people, I really thought that you broke that. C: Thank you, thank you. You know and it's very important to think that and it was very easy for me, now I'm going to tell you why. There's a lot of different reasons why and because I could see myself in that young man, because the thing about it is that oftentimes who we are is also made up by who we're around and I've been saying this since I was, that I was always blessed

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with great friends, and I have had the same friends to this day that I've had for years, and they were always good people, but not everybody is blessed with that and the thing about it is there were other people I could have chosen to hang around there were other choices I could have made that could have led me down the wrong path, and I just was happy that I didn't actually have that make those choices because it's like gambling, you just don't know when you're a child, you don't know what you don't know. So, I can see myself in that kid but also the thing about it is that I have loved ones that have made bad choices I had a brother that has spent years in prison for unintentional homicide and I understand that when you look on the other side, I understand the pain of the victims, but also, I can understand the pain of the perpetrators you know? I lost my brother for a while and I know he's a good guy, he's not that same person now so it's very easy for me to actually say, "Hey listen, you have the pay the price for what you did but you can come out of the other side and be a better person," and we all need to start thinking about what does that mean? How do we see those things in people and allow those things to blossom when we as a community most of the time have also failed that child before he has actually made those choices? So we need to also understand that when we point at somebody four fingers are being pointed back at us.

- D: May I have a picture; can you send me a picture of you please?
- 306 C: Yes. Absolutely, absolutely.

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- D: I have no more questions unless you have something you'd like to add.
- C: No, I just want to add that when it comes down to your work, I just wanted to, and I actually bring a light to these things, but I'd like to applaud you all for the work that you all do. One of the things I have learned through this process because this is not a field that I was actually

involved in but I've learned through the process that there are so many good people out here that are trying to make a difference and make a change and the assault of keeping these people separate and keeping these people competing against each other for funds and things like that, you know, it's also slowing down the good work that they have in mind, what they can do, you know? But I applaud everyone, and I definitely want to, I'm definitely happy that it can add my story and try to bring light to the work that others are doing and that's who are the heroes are in this situation, so thank you for having me and thank you for letting my story get out.

D: Thank you, wow. I'm going to stop the recording.

319 C: Okay.